

#### **SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION**

1.1 GHS Product identifier:

Other means of identification:

Non-applicable

#### 1.2 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use:

Relevant uses: Cleaner

Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3

Cleaner

1.3 Name, address, and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party:

#### **Seal Spray Foam**

5717 Salmen Street Tel: 504-734-1315 New Orleans, LA 70123 USA

1.4 Emergency phone number: 911

# SECTION 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:

NFPA:

Health Hazards: 1 Flammability Hazards: 4 Instability Hazards: 0 Special Hazards: Non-applicable

#### 29 CFR 1910.1200:

Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with paragraph (d) of § 1910.1200.

Aerosol 1: Flammable aerosols, Category 1, H222

Eye Irrit. 2A: Eye irritation, Category 2A, H319

Press. Gas: Pressure Gases, H280

STOT SE 3: Specific toxicity causing drowsiness and dizziness, single exposure, Category 3, H336

# 2.2 Label elements:

NFPA:



#### 29 CFR 1910.1200:

Danger

# (!) (~) (\*)

#### Hazard statements:

H222 - Extremely flammable aerosol.

H280 - Contains gas under pressure, may explode if heated.

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### Precautionary statements:

P101: If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102: Keep out of reach of children.

- P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- P211: Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/protective footwear.

P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P410+P412: Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122°F.

P501: Dispose of the contents/containers in accordance with the current legislation on waste treatment



# SECTION 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION (continued)

#### Substances that contribute to the classification

acetone

#### Additional labeling:

Keep out of the reach of children

FEDERAL HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES ACT REGULATIONS (§1500.130 Self-pressurized containers: labeling): Warning—contents under pressure.

Do not puncture or incinerate container. Do not expose to heat or store at temperatures above 120 °F. Keep out of the reach of children.

#### 2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC):

Non-applicable

# SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### 3.1 Substances:

Non-applicable

#### 3.2 Mixtures:

Chemical description: Solvent/s

#### Components:

Remaining components are non-hazardous and/or present at amounts below reportable limits. The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200. Therefore, in accordance with Appendix D to § 1910.1200, the product contains:

	Identification	Chemical name/Classification	Concentration
CAS:	67-64-1	<b>acetone</b> Eye Irrit. 2A: H319; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; STOT SE 3: H336 - Danger	50 - <100 %
CAS:	74-98-6	Propane Flam. Gas 1A: H220; Press. Gas: H280 - Danger	10 - <20 %
CAS:	106-97-8	Butane Flam. Gas 1A: H220; Press. Gas: H280 - Danger	2,5 - <5 %
To ob	tain more informat	ion on the hazards of the substances consult sections 11, 12 and 16.	

# SECTION 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES

#### 4.1 Description of necessary measures:

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

# By inhalation:

Remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide with fresh air and keep at rest. In serious cases such as cardiorespiratory failure, artificial resuscitation techniques will be necessary (mouth to mouth resuscitation, cardiac massage, oxygen supply, etc.) requiring immediate medical assistance.

#### By skin contact:

In case of contact it is recommended to clean the affected area thoroughly with water and neutral soap. In case of modifications on the skin (stinging, redness, rashes, blisters,...), seek medical advice with this Safety data Sheet

### By eye contact:

Rinse eyes thoroughly with lukewarm water for at least 15 minutes. Do not allow the person affected to rub or close their eyes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, as this could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS of the product. By ingestion/aspiration:

In case of consumption, seek immediate medical assistance showing the SDS of this product.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed:

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

#### 4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary:

#### Non-applicable



### SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

#### 5.1 Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media:

#### Suitable extinguishing media:

If possible use polyvalent powder fire extinguishers (ABC powder), alternatively use foam or carbon dioxide extinguishers (CO ).

## Unsuitable extinguishing media:

IT IS RECOMMENDED NOT to use full jet water as an extinguishing agent.

#### 5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical:

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

#### 5.3 Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters:

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and individual respiratory equipment. Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...) Additional provisions:

As in any fire, prevent human exposure to fire, smoke, fumes or products of combustion. Only properly trained personnel should be involved in firefighting. Evacuate nonessential personnel from the fire area. Destroy any source of ignition. In case of fire, refrigerate the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to inflammation. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

### SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

#### For non-emergency personnel:

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inertization agent. Destroy any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

#### For emergency responders:

See section 8.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions:

This product is not classified as hazardous to the environment. Keep product away from drains, surface and underground water.

#### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

It is recommended:

Absorb the spillage using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. For any concern related to disposal consult section 13.

# 6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections 8 and 13.

### SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

A.- Precautions for safe manipulation

Comply with the current standards 29 CFR 1910 Occupational Safety and Health Standards. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions

Avoid the evaporation of the product as it contains flammable substances, which could form flammable vapour/air mixtures in the presence of sources of ignition. Control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and transfer at slow speeds to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

C.- Technical recommendations to prevent ergonomic and toxicological risks

Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

It is recommended to have absorbent material available at close proximity to the product (See subsection 6.3)



### SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE (continued)

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

A.- Technical measures for storage

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated location

B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s):

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

# SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1 Control parameters:

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the workplace:

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000):

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		
acetone	8-hour TWA PEL	1000 ppm	2400 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		
Propane	8-hour TWA PEL	1000 ppm	1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		

#### US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values:

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		
acetone	TLV-TWA	250 ppm	
CAS: 67-64-1	TLV-STEL	500 ppm	
Butane	TLV-TWA		
CAS: 106-97-8	TLV-STEL	1000 ppm	

CALIFORNIA- TABLE AC-1 PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMITS FOR CHEMICAL CONTAMINANTS:

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		
acetone	PEL	500 ppm	1200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
CAS: 67-64-1	STEL	750 ppm	1780 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Propane	PEL	1000 ppm	1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
CAS: 74-98-6	STEL		
Butane	PEL	800 ppm	1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
CAS: 106-97-8	STEL		

#### **Biological limit values:**

Biological Exposure Indices (BEIs®) - ACGIH

Identification	BEIs®	Determinant	Sampling Time
acetone CAS: 67-64-1	25 mg/L	Acetone in urine	End of shift

#### 8.2 Appropriate engineering controls:

A.- Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

As a preventative measure it is recommended to use basic Personal Protection Equipment. For more information on Personal Protection Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For more information see subsection 7.1. All information contained herein is a recommendation, the information on clothing performance must be combined with professional judgment, and a clear understanding of the clothing application, to provide the best protection to the worker. All chemical protective clothing use must be based on a hazard assessment to determine the risks for exposure to chemicals and other hazards. Conduct hazard assessments in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.132.

#### B.- Respiratory protection

The use of protection equipment will be necessary if a mist forms or if the occupational exposure limits are exceeded.

C.- Specific protection for the hands



#### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
Mandatory hand protection	Chemical protective gloves (Material: Linear low -density polyethylene (LLDPE), Breakthrough time: > 480 min, Thickness: 0.062 mm)	The Breakthrough Time indicated by the manufacturer must exceed the period during which the product is being used. Do not use protective creams after the product has come into contact with skin. Use gloves in accordance with manufacturer's use limitations and OSHA standard 1910.138 (29CFR)

As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

#### D.- Ocular and facial protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
Mandatory face protection	Panoramic glasses against splash/projections.	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing. Use this PPE in accordance with manufacturer's use limitations and OSHA standard 1910.133 (29CFR)

E.- Bodily protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
	Work clothing	Replace before any evidence of deterioration.
	Anti-slip work shoes	Replace before any evidence of deterioration.

F.- Additional emergency measures

Emergency measure	Standards	Emergency measure	Standards
Emergency shower	ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011	Eyewash stations	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011

#### Environmental exposure controls:

In accordance with the community legislation for the protection of the environment it is recommended to avoid environmental spillage of both the product and its container. For additional information see subsection 7.1.D **National volatile organic compound emission standards (40 CFR Part 59):** 

V.O.C.(weight-percent):

19.27 % weight

V.O.C. at 68 °F: Non-applicable

# SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

Appearance:	
Physical state at 68 °F:	Aerosol
Appearance:	Not available
Color:	Not available
Odor:	Not available
Odour threshold:	Non-applicable *
Volatility:	
Boiling point at atmospheric pressure:	-44 °F (Propellant)
Vapour pressure at 68 ºF:	Non-applicable *
Vapour pressure at 122 ºF:	<300000 Pa (300 kPa)
*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing	j information property of its hazards.



SEC	TION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPER	RTIES (continued)
	Evaporation rate at 68 °F:	Non-applicable *
	Product description:	
	Density at 68 °F:	Non-applicable *
	Relative density at 68 °F:	Non-applicable *
	Dynamic viscosity at 68 °F:	Non-applicable *
	Kinematic viscosity at 68 °F:	Non-applicable *
	Kinematic viscosity at 104 °F:	Non-applicable *
	Concentration:	Non-applicable *
	pH:	Non-applicable *
	Vapour density at 68 ºF:	Non-applicable *
	Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 68 °F:	Non-applicable *
	Solubility in water at 68 °F:	Non-applicable *
	Solubility properties:	Non-applicable *
	Decomposition temperature:	Non-applicable *
	Melting point/freezing point:	Non-applicable *
	Recipient pressure:	Non-applicable *
	Flammability:	
	Flash Point:	Non-applicable
	Flammability (solid, gas):	Non-applicable *
	Autoignition temperature:	770 ºF (Propellant)
	Lower flammability limit:	Non-applicable *
	Upper flammability limit:	Non-applicable *
	Particle characteristics:	
	Median equivalent diameter:	Non-applicable
9.2	Other information:	
	Information with regard to physical hazard classes	S:
	Explosive properties:	Non-applicable *
	Oxidising properties:	Non-applicable *
	Corrosive to metals:	Non-applicable *
	Heat of combustion:	Non-applicable *
	Aerosols-total percentage (by mass) of flammable components: Other safety characteristics:	Non-applicable *
	Surface tension at 68 °F:	Non-applicable *
	Refraction index:	Non-applicable *
	*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing inforr	

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY	
--------------------------------------	--

# 10.1 Reactivity:

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the conditions of storage, handling and use.

# 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid:

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

- CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -

Revised: 2/23/2022



# SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY (continued)

	Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity		
	Not applicable	Not applicable	Risk of combustion	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable		
10.5 Incompatible materials:							
	Acids	Water	Oxidising materials	Combustible materials	Others		
	Avoid strong acids	Not applicable	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	Avoid alkalis or strong bases		

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects:

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

#### Dangerous health implications:

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than recommended by the occupational exposure limits, it may result in adverse effects on health depending on the means of exposure:

- A- Ingestion (acute effect):
  - Acute toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for consumption. For more information see section 3.
  - Corrosivity/Irritability: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- B- Inhalation (acute effect):
  - Acute toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
  - Corrosivity/Irritability: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):
  - Contact with the skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for skin contact. For more information see section 3.
  - Contact with the eyes: Produces eye damage after contact.
- D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):
  - Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for the effects mentioned. For more information see section 3. IARC: Non-applicable
  - Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
  - Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- E- Sensitizing effects:
  - Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
  - Cutaneous: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) single exposure:
  - Exposure in high concentration can cause a breakdown in the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness.
- G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:
  - Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
  - Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- H- Aspiration hazard:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.



# SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

#### Utner information:

#### Non-applicable

Specific toxicology information on the substances:

	Identification	A	Acute toxicity		
acetone		LD50 oral	5800 mg/kg	Rat	
CAS: 67-64-1		LD50 dermal	7426 mg/kg	Rabbit	
		LC50 inhalation	76 mg/L (4 h)	Rat	
Propane		LD50 oral	>5000 mg/kg		
CAS: 74-98-6		LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg		
		LC50 inhalation	>5 mg/L		
Butane		LD50 oral	>5000 mg/kg		
CAS: 106-97-8		LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg		
		LC50 inhalation	658 mg/L (4 h)	Rat	

#### Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE mix):

	ATE mix			
Oral	>5000 mg/kg (Calculation method)	Non-applicable		
Dermal	>5000 mg/kg (Calculation method)	Non-applicable		
Inhalation	>20 mg/L (4 h) (Calculation method)	Non-applicable		

# SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

#### 12.1 Ecotoxicity (aquatic and terrestrial, where available):

#### Acute toxicity:

Identification	Concentration		Species	Genus
acetone	LC50	5540 mg/L (96 h)	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish
CAS: 67-64-1	EC50	8800 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia pulex	Crustacean
	EC50	3400 mg/L (48 h)	Chlorella pyrenoidosa	Algae

	Identification	Concentration		Species	Genus
	acetone	NOEC	Non-applicable		
	CAS: 67-64-1	NOEC	2212 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
2	Porsistonco and dogradability:				

12.2 Persistence and degradability:



#### SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification	Degradability		Biodegradability	
acetone	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	100 mg/L
CAS: 67-64-1	COD	Non-applicable	Period	28 days
	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	96 %

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

Identification		Bioaccumulation potential		
acetone	BCF	CF	1	
CAS: 67-64-1	Pov	ow Log	-0.24	
	Pote	otential	Low	
Propane	BCF	CF	13	
CAS: 74-98-6	Pov	ow Log	2.86	
	Pote	otential	Low	
Butane	BCF	CF	33	
CAS: 106-97-8	Pov	ow Log	2.89	
	Pote	otential	Moderate	

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil:

Identification	Absorp	tion/desorption	Volatility	
acetone	Koc	1	Henry	2.93 Pa⋅m³/mol
CAS: 67-64-1	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	2.304E-2 N/m (77 °F)	Moist soil	Yes
Propane	Кос	460	Henry	71636.78 Pa·m³/mol
CAS: 74-98-6	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	7.02E-3 N/m (77 °F)	Moist soil	Yes
Butane	Koc	900	Henry	96258.75 Pa·m³/mol
CAS: 106-97-8	Conclusion	Low	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	1.187E-2 N/m (77 °F)	Moist soil	Yes

# 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Non-applicable

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects:

Not described

# SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### 13.1 Disposal methods:

#### Waste management (disposal and evaluation):

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations. In case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-dangerous residue. We do not recommended disposal down the drain. See epigraph 6.2.

# Regulations related to waste management:

Legislation related to waste management:

40 CFR Part 261- IDENTIFICATION AND LISTING OF HAZARDOUS WASTE

# SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### Transport of dangerous goods by land:

With regard to 49 CFR on the Transport of Dangerous Goods:



SECTION 14: TRANS	SPOR	T INFORMATION (continued	))
2	14.1 14.2 14.3 14.4 14.5 14.6	Transport hazard class(es): Labels: Packing group, if applicable: Marine pollutant: Special precautions which a us with transport or conveyance of	UN1950 Limited Quantity AEROSOLS 2 2.1 N/A No ser needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in connection either within or outside their premises
	14.7	Physico-Chemical properties: Transport in bulk (according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code):	
Transport of da	ngerou	is goods by sea:	
With regard to IM	-		
	14.1 14.2	UN number: UN proper shipping name: Transport hazard class(es):	UN1950 Limited Quantity AEROSOLS 2
	14.4 14.5 14.6	Special precautions which a u	2.1 N/A No ser needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in connection
		Special regulations: EmS Codes: Physico-Chemical properties: Limited quantities: Segregation group:	either within or outside their premises 63, 959, 190, 277, 327, 344 F-D, S-U see section 9 1 L Non-applicable
	14.7	Transport in bulk (according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code):	
Transport of da	ngerou	is goods by air:	
With regard to IA	TA/ICA	NO 2022:	
	14.2	UN number: UN proper shipping name: Transport hazard class(es): Labels:	UN1950 Limited Quantity AEROSOLS 2 2.1
2	14.4	J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J	N/A
•	14.5 14.6		No ser needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in connection either within or outside their premises see section 9
	14.7	Transport in bulk (according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code):	o Non-applicable

# SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question:



#### SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION (continued)

Toxic chemical release reporting under EPCRA section 313 (40 CFR Part 372): Non-applicable California Proposition 65 (the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986): Non-applicable The Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) : acetone ; Propane ; Butane Massachusetts RTK - Substance List: acetone ; Propane ; Butane New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act: acetone ; Propane ; Butane New York RTK - Substance list: acetone ; Propane ; Butane Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law: acetone ; Propane ; Butane CANADA-Domestic Substances List (DSL): acetone ; Propane ; Butane CANADA-Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL): Non-applicable NTP (National Toxicology Program): Non-applicable Minnesota - Hazardous substances ERTK: acetone ; Propane ; Butane Rhode Island - Hazardous substances RTK: acetone OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1096): Non-applicable Hazardous Air Pollutants (Clean Air Act): Non-applicable CALIFORNIA LABOR CODE - The Hazardous Substances List: acetone ; Butane Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) - Reportable Quantities: acetone (5000 pounds) Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as data used in a risk evaluation of the local circumstances in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the manipulation, use, storage and disposal of this product.

#### Other legislation:

Take into consideration other applicable federal, state, and local laws and local regulations.

#### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Legislation related to safety data sheets:

This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with Appendix d to §1910.1200 - Safety data sheets Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H280: Contains gas under pressure, may explode if heated.

H222: Extremely flammable aerosol.

#### Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

#### 29 CFR 1910.1200:

Eye Irrit. 2A: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

Flam. Gas 1A: H220 - Extremely flammable gas.

Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Press. Gas: H280 - Contains gas under pressure, may explode if heated.

STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

# Advice related to training:

Minimal training is recommended to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product, in order to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product.

#### Principal bibliographical sources:

Occupational Safety & Health Administration (OSHA).

#### Abbreviations and acronyms:

IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code

IATA: International Air Transport Association

- ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation
- COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

BOD5: 5-day biochemical oxygen demand

BCF: Bioconcentration factor

LD50: Lethal Dose 50 CL50: Lethal Concentration 50

EC50: Effective concentration 50

Log-POW: Octanol-water partition coefficient Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

Date of compilation: 2/21/2022 Revised: 2/23/2022



Manufacturer Disclaimer: The information contained in this safety date sheet ("SDS") is based on sources, technical knowledge and current legislation. Furthermore, is based on data believed to be accurate; thus, the company does not assume any liability for its accuracy. The information provided herein cannot be considered a guarantee of the properties of this product and the same is simply a description of the security requirements. The use, occupational methodology and/or conditions for users of this product are not within our awareness or control. It is ultimately the responsibility of the user(s) to take the necessary measures to obtain the legal requirements concerning the manipulation, storage, use and disposal of chemical products. The information of this SDS only refers to this product is used and whether there is any infringement of patents is the sole responsibility of the user(s).

#### END OF SAFETY DATA SHEET

Printing: 2/23/2022

Date of compilation: 2/21/2022

Revised: 2/23/2022

Version: 2 (Replaced 1)